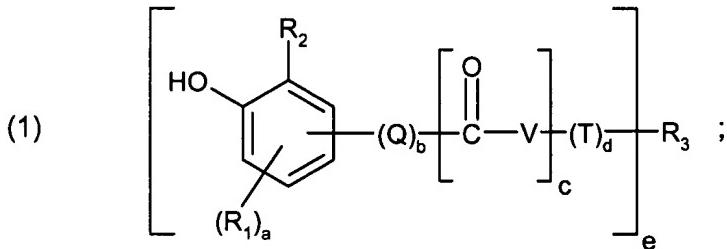


IN THE CLAIMS

Kindly replace the prior claims listing by the following listing.

1-32 (cancelled).

33. (currently amended): A method of stabilizing body-care and household products preventing photooxidation and autoxidation processes in body-care products selected from body oils, body lotions, body gels, treatment creams, skin powders, skin protection ointments, shaving preparations, bath and shower additives, scents, perfumes, toilet waters, shaving lotions, hair-care products selected from agents for styling and treating hair, perming agents, hair sprays and lacquers, hair dyeing or bleaching agents, dentifrices, deodorizing and antiperspirant preparations, decorative preparations, light protection formulations and preparations containing active ingredients selected from hormone preparations, vitamin preparations, vegetable extract preparations and antibacterial preparations, or household products selected from shoe polishes, polishing waxes, floor detergents and polishes, metal, glass and ceramic cleaners, textile care agents, agents for removing rust, color and stains, and furniture and multipurpose polishes which comprises incorporating into a body-care or household product a phenolic antioxidant of formula

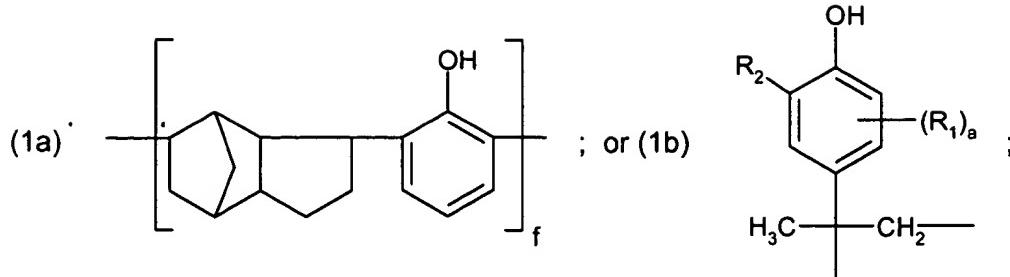


wherein in formula (1),

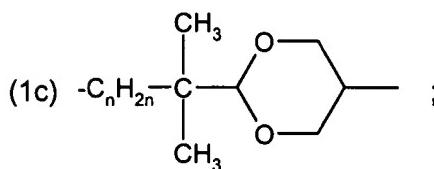
R₁ is hydrogen; C₁-C₂₂alkyl; C₁-C₂₂alkylthio; C₅-C₇cycloalkyl; phenyl; C₇-C₉phenylalkyl; or SO₃M;

R₂ is C₁-C₂₂alkyl; C₅-C₇cycloalkyl; phenyl; or C₇-C₉phenylalkyl;

Q is -C_mH_{2m}-; -CH-
 |
 C_mH_{2m+1}; -C_mH_{2m}-NH; a radical of formula



T is $-C_nH_{2n}-$; $-(CH_2)_n-O-CH_2-$; $-C_nH_{2n}-NH-C=O-$; or a radical of formula



V is $-O-$; or $-NH-$;

a is 0; 1; or 2;

b, c and d are each independently of one another 0; or 1;

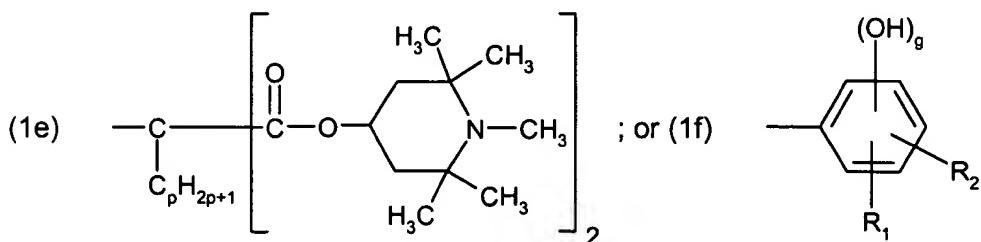
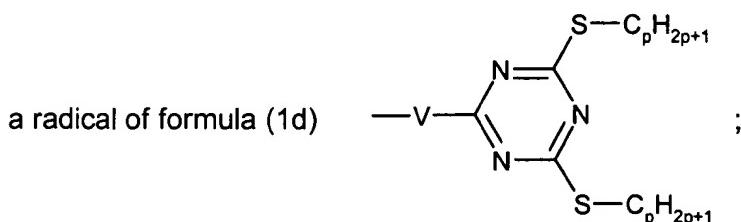
e is an integer from 1 to 4;

f is an integer from 1 to 3; and

m, n and p are each independently of one another an integer from 1 to 3;

if e = 1, then

R_3 is M; hydrogen; C_1-C_{22} alkyl; C_5-C_7 cycloalkyl; C_1-C_{22} alkylthio; C_2-C_{18} alkenyl; C_1-C_{18} phenylalkyl;



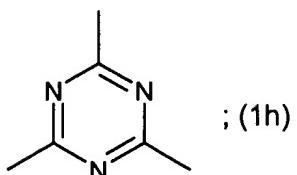
M is alkali; ammonium;

if e = 2, then

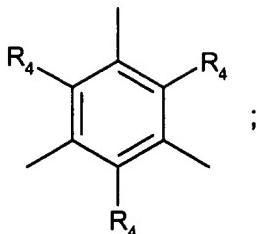
R₃ is a direct bond; -CH₂-; —CH—(CH₂)_p—CH₃; -O-; or -S-;

if e = 3, then

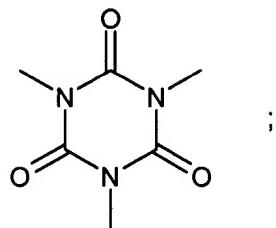
R₃ is the radical of formula (1g)



; (1h)



(1i) ; or (1k)



if e = 4, then

R₃ is ; or a direct bond.

34. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, wherein in formula (1)

Q is -C_mH_{2m}- , wherein m is as defined in claim 33.

35. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, wherein Q is a methylene or ethylene radical.

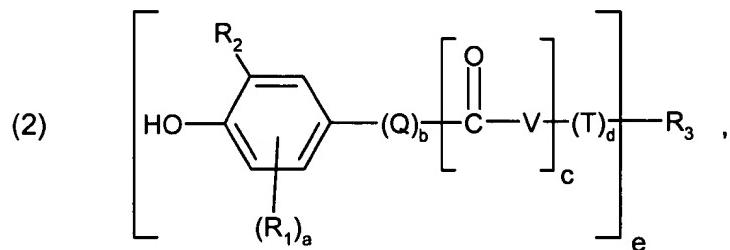
36. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, wherein V is -O-.

37. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, wherein R₁ and R₂ are each independently of the other C₁-C₁₈alkyl.

38. (previously presented): A method according to claim 37, wherein R₁ and R₂ are each independently of the other C₁-C₅alkyl.

39. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, wherein a is 1.

40. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, which comprises incorporating an antioxidant of formula



wherein

R₁ and R₂ are each independently of the other C₁-C₅alkyl,

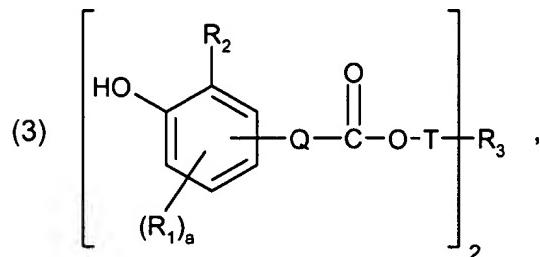
a is 1 or 2; and

R₃, Q, V, T, b, c, d and e are as defined in claim 33.

41. (previously presented): A method according to claim 40, wherein

R₁ and R₂ are the tert-butyl radical; and a is 1.

42. (withdrawn): A method according to claim 40, which comprises incorporating an antioxidant of formula



wherein

R₁ and R₂ are each independently of the other C₁-C₅-alkyl;

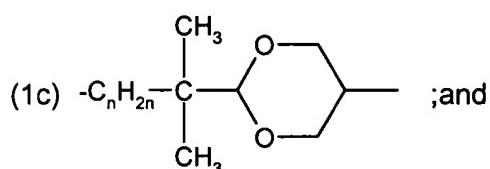
Q is $-C_mH_{2m}-$; or $-C_mH_{2m}-NH-$;

R_3 is a direct bond; $-O-$; $-S-$; $-CH_2-$; or $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ | \\ -CH- \end{array}$;

a is 1 or 2;

m is 1 to 5;

T is $-C_nH_{2n}-$; $-(CH_2)_n-O-CH_2-$; $-C_nH_{2n}-NH-C=O-$; or a radical of formula



n is an integer from 1 to 3.

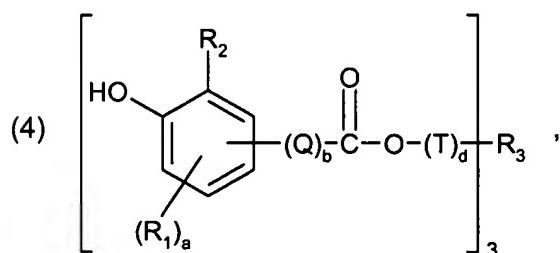
43. (withdrawn): A method according to claim 42, wherein the antioxidant is a compound of formula (3), wherein

Q is ethylene; or $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ | \\ -CH- \end{array}$;

R_3 is a direct bond; and

R_1 , R_2 , T and a are as defined in claim 42.

44. (withdrawn): A method according to claim 33, wherein the antioxidant is a compound of formula



wherein

Q is $-C_mH_{2m}-$;

T is $-C_nH_{2n}-$;

R₁ and R₂ are each independently of the other C₁-C₅-alkyl;

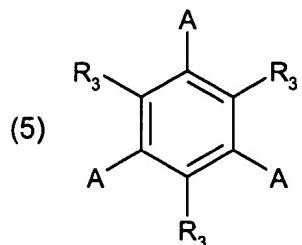
R₃ is the radical of formula (1g); (1h); (1i); or (1k);

m and n are each independently of the other 1 to 3;

a is 1 or 2; and

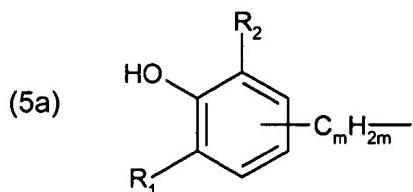
b and d are each independently of the other 0 or 1.

45. (withdrawn): A method according to claim 44, wherein the antioxidant is a compound of formula



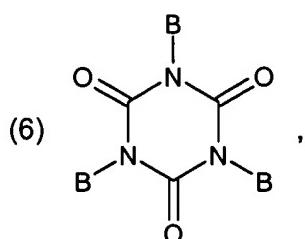
wherein

A is a radical of formula



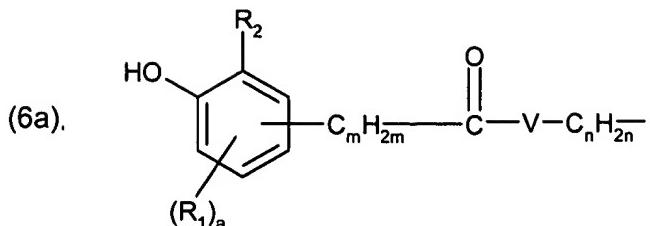
R₁, R₂ and R₃ are each independently of one another C₁-C₅-alkyl; and m is 1 to 3.

46. (withdrawn): A method according to claim 44, wherein the antioxidant is a compound of formula



wherein

B is a radical of formula



R_1 and R_2 are each independently of the other C_1 - C_5 alkyl;

V is -O-; or -NH-;

a is 1; or 2;

m is 1 to 3; and

n is 0 to 3.

47. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, which comprises incorporating the phenolic antioxidants of formula (1) as individual compounds or as a mixture of several individual compounds.

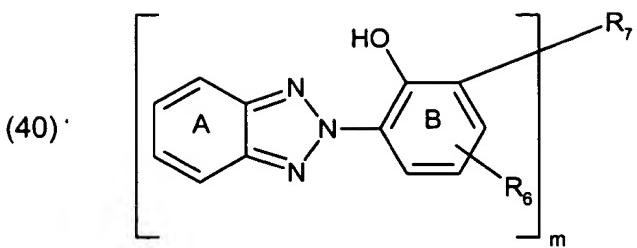
48. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, which comprises incorporating the antioxidant or the sum of the antioxidants in a concentration of 50 to 1000 ppm.

49. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, which comprises incorporating the antioxidants together with tocopherol and/or tocopherol acetate.

50. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, which comprises incorporating the phenolic antioxidants together with light stabilisers.

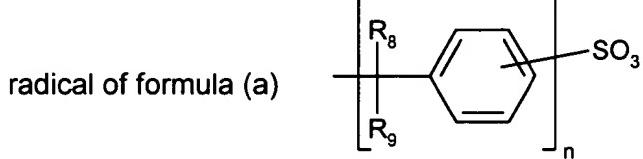
51. (previously presented): A method according to claim 50, wherein the light stabilisers used are sterically hindered amines.

52. (previously presented): A method according to claim 50, wherein the light stabilisers used are benzotriazoles of formula



wherein

R_6 is C_1-C_{12} alkyl; C_1-C_5 alkoxy; C_1-C_5 alkoxycarbonyl; C_5-C_7 cycloalkyl; C_6-C_{10} aryl; aralkyl; $-SO_3M$; a



R_8 and R_9 are each independently of the other hydrogen; or C_1-C_5 alkyl;

m is 1 or 2;

n is 0 or 1;

if $m = 1$,

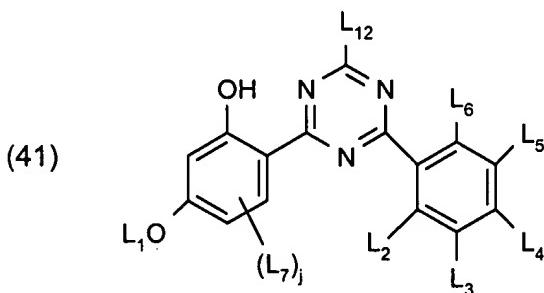
R_7 is hydrogen; unsubstituted or phenyl-substituted C_1-C_{12} alkyl; C_6-C_{10} aryl;

if $n = 2$,

R_2 is a direct bond; $-(CH_2)_p-$; and

p is 1 to 3.

53. (previously presented): A method according to claim 50, wherein the light stabilisers used are 2-hydroxyphenyltriazines of formula



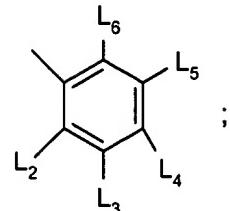
wherein

L_1 is C_1-C_{22} alkyl, C_2-C_{22} alkenyl or C_5-C_7 cycloalkyl;

L_2 and L_6 are each independently of the other H, OH, halogen, C_1-C_{22} alkyl, halomethyl;

L_3 , L_5 and L_7 are each independently of one another H, OH, OL₁, halogen, C₁-C₂₂alkyl, halomethyl;
 L_4 is H, OH, OL₁, halogen, C₁-C₂₂alkyl, phenyl, halomethyl;

L_{12} is C₁-C₂₂alkyl, phenyl C₁-C₅alkyl, C₅-C₇cycloalkyl, OL₁ or a group of formula



and j is 0, 1, 2 or 3.

54. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33 in which the body-care products are for the skin and its adnexa.

55. (previously presented): A method according to claim 54, wherein the body-care products are selected from skin-care products, bath and shower additives, preparations containing fragrances and odoriferous substances, hair-care products, dentifrices, deodorising and antiperspirant preparations, decorative preparations, light protection formulations and preparations containing active ingredients.

56. (previously presented): A method according to claim 55, wherein the skin-care products are selected from body oils, body lotions, body gels, treatment creams, skin protection ointments, shaving preparations and skin powders.

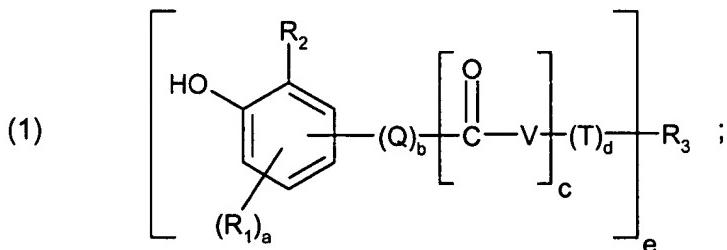
57. (previously presented): A method according to claim 55, wherein the preparations containing fragrances and olfactory substances are selected from scents, perfumes, toilet waters and shaving lotions.

58. (previously presented): A method according to claim 55, wherein the hair-care products are selected from shampoos, hair conditioners, agents for styling and treating hair, perming agents, hair sprays and lacquers and hair dyeing or bleaching agents.

59. (previously presented): A method according to claim 55, wherein the decorative preparations are selected from lipsticks, nail varnishes, eye shadows, mascara, dry and moist make-up, rouge, powders, depilatory agents and suntan lotions.

60. (previously presented): A method according to claim 55, wherein the active ingredient-containing cosmetic formulations are selected from hormone preparations, vitamin preparations, vegetable extract preparations and antibacterial preparations.

61. (currently amended): A method of preparation of body-care products selected from body oils, body lotions, body gels, treatment creams, skin powders, skin protection ointments, shaving preparations, bath and shower additives, scents, perfumes, toilet waters, shaving lotions, hair-care products selected from agents for styling and treating hair, perming agents, hair sprays and lacquers, hair dyeing or bleaching agents, dentifrices, deodorizing and antiperspirant preparations, decorative preparations, light protection formulations and preparations containing active ingredients selected from hormone preparations, vitamin preparations, vegetable extract preparations and antibacterial preparations, or household products selected from shoe polishes, polishing waxes, floor detergents and polishes, metal, glass and ceramic cleaners, textile care agents, agents for removing rust, color and stains, and furniture and multipurpose polishes and household products which comprises incorporating into a said body-care or household cleaning and treating agent a phenolic antioxidant of formula

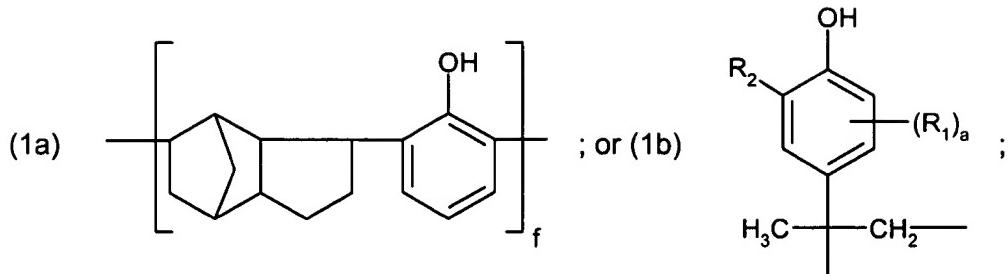


wherein in formula (1),

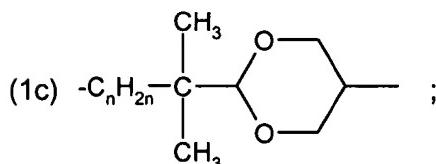
R₁ is hydrogen; C₁-C₂₂alkyl; C₁-C₂₂alkylthio; C₅-C₇cycloalkyl; phenyl; C₇-C₉phenylalkyl; or SO₃M;

R₂ is C₁-C₂₂alkyl; C₅-C₇cycloalkyl; phenyl; or C₇-C₉phenylalkyl;

Q is $-C_mH_{2m}-$; $-CH-$
 $\begin{array}{c} | \\ C_mH_{2m+1} \end{array}$; $-C_mH_{2m}-NH$; a radical of formula



T is $-C_nH_{2n}-$; $-(CH_2)_n-O-CH_2-$; $-C_nH_{2n}-NH-C=O-$; or a radical of formula



V is -O-; or -NH-;

a is 0; 1; or 2;

b, c and d are each independently of one another 0; or 1;

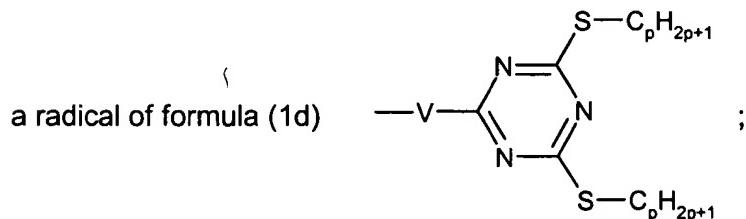
e is an integer from 1 to 4;

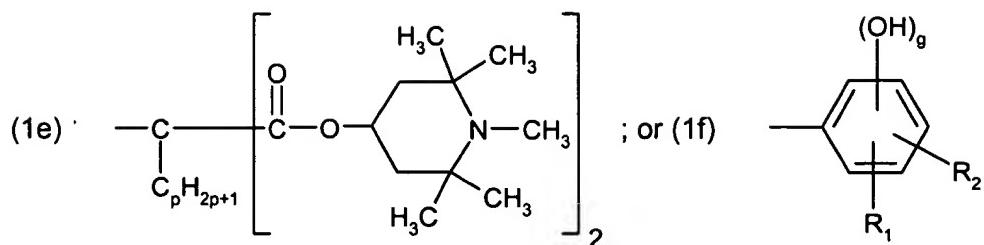
f is an integer from 1 to 3; and

m, n and p are each independently of one another an integer from 1 to 3;

if e = 1, then

R_3 is M; hydrogen; C_1-C_{22} alkyl; C_5-C_7 cycloalkyl; C_1-C_{22} alkylthio; C_2-C_{18} alkenyl; C_1-C_{18} phenylalkyl;





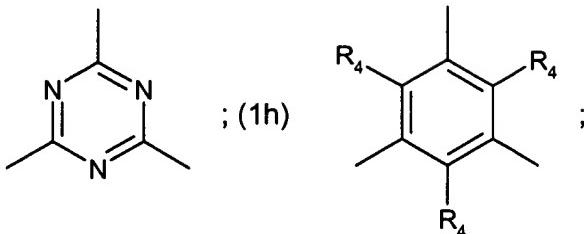
M is alkali; ammonium;

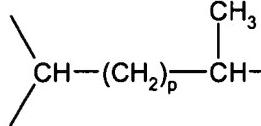
if e = 2, then

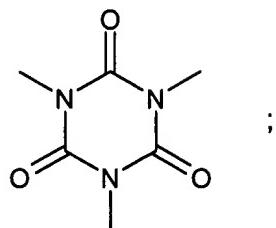
R₃ is a direct bond; -CH₂-;  ; -O-; or -S-;

if e = 3, then

R₃ is the radical of formula (1g)



(1i)  ; or (1k)



if e = 4, then

R₃ is  ; or a direct bond.

62. (previously presented): A method according to claim 33, wherein the household cleaning and treating agents are selected from washing, rinsing and dishwashing agents, shoe polishes, polishing

waxes, floor detergents and polishes, metal, glass and ceramic cleaners, textile care agents, agents for removing rust, colour and stains (stain remover salt), furniture and multipurpose polishes.

63. (previously presented): A body-care composition, which comprises at least one phenolic antioxidant as defined in claim 33 and a cosmetically acceptable adjuvant.

64. (previously presented): A household cleaning and treating agent, which comprises a phenolic antioxidant as defined in claim 33.